

# Pilot's Operating Handbook And FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual SKYLANE

# CESSNA MODEL 182T NAV III AVIONICS OPTION - GFC 700 AFCS Serials 18281869 and 18281876 and On

#### SUPPLEMENT 19 HOT WEATHER OPERATIONS

| SERIAL NO.      |  |
|-----------------|--|
| REGISTRATION NO |  |

This supplement must be inserted into Section 9 of the Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual for Hot Weather Operations.

**APPROVED BY** 

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#### **SUPPLEMENT 19**

#### **HOT WEATHER OPERATIONS**

Use the Log of Effective Pages to determine the current status of this supplement.

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### SERVICE BULLETIN CONFIGURATION LIST

The following is a list of Service Bulletins that are applicable to the operation of the airplane, and have been incorporated into this supplement. This list contains only those Service Bulletins that are currently active.

Number <u>Title</u> <u>Airplane Serial</u> <u>Revision</u> <u>Incorporated</u>

Effectivity Incorporated in Airplane

CESSNA MODEL 182T NAV III GFC 700 AFCS

#### **HOT WEATHER OPERATIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

This supplement must be placed in Section 9 of the basic Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual for hot weather operations. The information contained herein supplements the information of the basic Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual. Limitations, procedures, and performance found in this supplement supersedes those found in the basic Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual. For limitations, procedures, and performance information not contained in this supplement, consult the basic Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual.

CESSNA MODEL 182T NAV III GFC 700 AFCS

# **OPERATING LIMITATIONS**

There is no change to the airplane operating limitations when used for hot weather operations.

# **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

There is no change to the airplane emergency procedures when used for hot weather operations.

# **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

There is no change to the airplane normal procedures when used for hot weather operations.

#### SHORT FIELD TAKEOFF DISTANCE AT 3100 POUNDS

**CONDITIONS:** 

Flaps 20°

2400 RPM, Full Throttle and mixture set prior to brake release.

Cowl Flaps OPEN

Paved, Level, Dry Runway

Lift Off: 49 KIAS

Zero Wind

Speed at 50 ft: 58 KIAS

|                              | 10                  | °C   | 20                  | ℃  | 30                  | ℃  | 40                  | ℃  | 50                  | <b>℃</b>   |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Pressure<br>Altitude<br>Feet | Gnd<br>Roll<br>Feet | Total<br>Feet<br>to<br>Clear<br>50<br>Foot<br>Obst |
| Sea Level                    | 765                 | 1460   | 825                 | 1570   | 885                 | 1680   | 945                 | 1800   | 1010                | 1930   |
| 1000                         | 835                 | 1600   | 900                 | 1720   | 965                 | 1845   | 1030                | 1980   | 1105                | 2125   |
| 2000                         | 915                 | 1760   | 980                 | 1890   | 1055                | 2035   | 1130                | 2190   | 1210                | 2355   |
| 3000                         | 995                 | 1940   | 1070                | 2090   | 1150                | 2255   | 1235                | 2435   | 1320                | 2630   |
| 4000                         | 1090                | 2150   | 1175                | 2325   | 1260                | 2515   | 1355                | 2720   | 1450                | 2955   |
| 5000                         | 1195                | 2395   | 1290                | 2595   | 1385                | 2820   | 1485                | 3070   | 1595                | 3355   |
| 6000                         | 1315                | 2690   | 1415                | 2930   | 1520                | 3200   | 1635                | 3510   | 1755                | 3865   |
| 7000                         | 1445                | 3045   | 1560                | 3345   | 1675                | 3685   |                     |  |                     |  |
| 8000                         | 1595                | 3500   | 1720                | 3880   |                     |  |                     |  |                     |  |

#### **NOTE**

- Short field technique as specified in Section 4.
- Prior to takeoff, the mixture should be leaned to the Maximum Power Fuel Flow schedule in a full throttle, static run-up.
- Decrease distances 10% for each 9 knots headwind. For operation with tail winds up to 10 knots, increase distances 10% for each 2 knots.
- Where distance value have been deleted, climb performance after lift-off is less than 150 FPM at takeoff speed.
- For operation on dry, grass runway, increase distances by 15% of the "ground roll" figure.

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#### SHORT FIELD TAKEOFF DISTANCE **AT 2700 POUNDS**

**CONDITIONS:** 

Flaps 20°

2400 RPM, Full Throttle and mixture set prior to brake release.

Cowl Flaps OPEN

Paved, Level, Dry Runway Lift Off: 45 KIAS Zero Wind Speed at 50 ft: 54 KIAS

|                              | 10                  | )°C  | 20                  | <b>℃</b>   | 30                  | °C   | 40                  | °C   | 50                  | .c   |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Pressure<br>Altitude<br>Feet | Gnd<br>Roll<br>Feet | Total<br>Feet<br>to<br>Clear<br>50<br>Foot<br>Obst |
| Sea Level                    | 560                 | 1065   | 600                 | 1135   | 645                 | 1215   | 690                 | 1295   | 735                 | 1380   |
| 1000                         | 610                 | 1155   | 655                 | 1235   | 700                 | 1320   | 750                 | 1410   | 800                 | 1505   |
| 2000                         | 665                 | 1260   | 710                 | 1350   | 765                 | 1445   | 820                 | 1545   | 875                 | 1650   |
| 3000                         | 725                 | 1380   | 775                 | 1480   | 835                 | 1585   | 895                 | 1695   | 955                 | 1815   |
| 4000                         | 790                 | 1510   | 850                 | 1625   | 910                 | 1740   | 975                 | 1870   | 1045                | 2005   |
| 5000                         | 865                 | 1665   | 930                 | 1790   | 1000                | 1920   | 1070                | 2065   | 1145                | 2225   |
| 6000                         | 950                 | 1840   | 1020                | 1980   | 1095                | 2135   | 1175                | 2300   | 1255                | 2480   |
| 7000                         | 1040                | 2040   | 1120                | 2205   | 1200                | 2380   | 1290                | 2575   | 1380                | 2790   |
| 8000                         | 1145                | 2275   | 1230                | 2465   | 1320                | 2675   | 1420                | 2910   | 1520                | 3170   |

#### NOTE

- Short field technique as specified in Section 4.
- Prior to takeoff, the mixture should be leaned to the Maximum Power Fuel Flow schedule in a full throttle, static run-up.
- Decrease distances 10% for each 9 knots headwind. For operation with tail winds up to 10 knots, increase distances 10% for each 2 knots.
- For operation on dry, grass runway, increase distances by 15% of the "ground roll" figure.

#### SHORT FIELD TAKEOFF DISTANCE AT 2300 POUNDS

**CONDITIONS:** 

Flaps 20°

2400 RPM, Full Throttle and mixture set prior to brake release.

Cowl Flaps OPEN

Paved, Level, Dry Runway

Lift Off: 42 KIAS

Zero Wind

Speed at 50 ft: 50 KIAS

|                              | 10                  | °C   | 20                  | °C   | 30                  | <b>℃</b>   | 40                  | °C   | 50                  | °C   |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Pressure<br>Altitude<br>Feet | Gnd<br>Roll<br>Feet | Total<br>Feet<br>to<br>Clear<br>50<br>Foot<br>Obst |
| Sea Level                    | 390                 | 750  | 420                 | 800  | 450                 | 850  | 480                 | 905  | 510                 | 960  |
| 1000                         | 425                 | 815  | 455                 | 870  | 490                 | 925  | 520                 | 985  | 555                 | 1045   |
| 2000                         | 460                 | 885  | 495                 | 940  | 530                 | 1005   | 565                 | 1070   | 605                 | 1135   |
| 3000                         | 505                 | 960  | 540                 | 1025   | 580                 | 1090   | 620                 | 1165   | 660                 | 1240   |
| 4000                         | 550                 | 1045   | 590                 | 1115   | 630                 | 1190   | 675                 | 1270   | 720                 | 1355   |
| 5000                         | 600                 | 1140   | 640                 | 1220   | 690                 | 1305   | 735                 | 1390   | 785                 | 1485   |
| 6000                         | 655                 | 1250   | 700                 | 1335   | 755                 | 1430   | 805                 | 1530   | 860                 | 1635   |
| 7000                         | 715                 | 1370   | 770                 | 1470   | 825                 | 1570   | 885                 | 1685   | 945                 | 1805   |
| 8000                         | 785                 | 1510   | 845                 | 1620   | 905                 | 1735   | 970                 | 1865   | 1035                | 2000   |

#### **NOTE**

- Short field technique as specified in Section 4.
- Prior to takeoff, the mixture should be leaned to the Maximum Power Fuel Flow schedule in a full throttle, static run-up.
- Decrease distances 10% for each 9 knots headwind. For operation with tail winds up to 10 knots, increase distances 10% for each 2 knots.
- For operation on dry, grass runway, increase distances by 15% of the "ground roll" figure.

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#### SHORT FIELD LANDING DISTANCE AT 2950 POUNDS

CONDITIONS:

Flaps FULL Zero Wind

Power IDLE Paved, Level, Dry Runway Maximum Braking Speed at 50 ft: 60 KIAS

|                              | 10                  | )°C  | 20                  | <b>℃</b>   | 30                  | °C   | 40                  | .c   | 50                  | ) <b>°</b> C                                       |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Pressure<br>Altitude<br>Feet | Gnd<br>Roll<br>Feet | Total<br>Feet<br>to<br>Clear<br>50<br>Foot<br>Obst |
| Sea Level                    | 580                 | 1335   | 600                 | 1365   | 620                 | 1400   | 640                 | 1435   | 660                 | 1465   |
| 1000                         | 600                 | 1365   | 620                 | 1400   | 645                 | 1440   | 665                 | 1475   | 685                 | 1500   |
| 2000                         | 625                 | 1405   | 645                 | 1440   | 670                 | 1480   | 690                 | 1515   | 710                 | 1540   |
| 3000                         | 645                 | 1445   | 670                 | 1485   | 695                 | 1525   | 715                 | 1560   | 740                 | 1585   |
| 4000                         | 670                 | 1485   | 695                 | 1525   | 720                 | 1565   | 740                 | 1600   | 765                 | 1625   |
| 5000                         | 695                 | 1525   | 720                 | 1565   | 745                 | 1610   | 770                 | 1650   | 795                 | 1670   |
| 6000                         | 725                 | 1575   | 750                 | 1615   | 775                 | 1660   | 800                 | 1700   | 825                 | 1715   |
| 7000                         | 750                 | 1615   | 780                 | 1665   | 805                 | 1710   | 830                 | 1750   | 860                 | 1765   |
| 8000                         | 780                 | 1655   | 810                 | 1715   | 835                 | 1760   | 865                 | 1805   | 890                 | 1815   |

#### NOTE

- Short field technique as specified in Section 4.
- Decrease distances 10% for each 9 knots headwind. For operation with tail winds up to 10 knots, increase distances 10% for each 2 knots.
- For operation on dry, grass runway, increase distances by 45% of the "ground roll" figure.
- If landing with flaps up, increase the approach speed by 10 KIAS and allow for 40% longer distances.